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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/687,897	10/13/2000	Patrick Digabel	PHF 99.591	8980
24737	7590 06/15/2004		EXAMINER	
PHILIPS INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY & STANDARDS			ORGAD, EDAN	
P.O. BOX 300 BRIARCLIFF	01 MANOR, NY 10510		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBE	
			2684	9
			DATE MAILED: 06/15/2004	. 1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		P	PG .
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	7
	09/687,897	DIGABEL, PATRICK	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Edan Orgad	2684	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a relif NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by staturenty and the set of the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON te, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed  y (30) days will be considered timely.  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 13 (	<u>October 2000</u> .		
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ Th	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under			
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) 2,3 and 6-9 is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,4 and 5 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 10 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	cepted or b) objected to e drawing(s) be held in abeyan ction is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documer 2. Certified copies of the priority documer 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in A ority documents have been au (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	» [] · · · · -	<b>1770</b> 445	
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4.</li> </ol>	Paper No(s	ummary (PTO-413) )/Mail Date formal Patent Application (PTO-152) ·	

Art Unit: 2684

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Objections

Claims 4, 5 & 10 are objected to because of the following informalities: it is not clear that the dependencies of those of claims are actually in the preamble. For the purpose of clarity, it would be more easily understandable if the claims were rewritten to follow the format of claims 7-9. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim 5 is also objected to for grammatical errors. On page 12, line 29, "claimed in one of the claim 1". This statement is not clear.

Examiner's note: it is difficult to ascertain whether applicant desires claims 4 and 5 to be independent claims or dependent claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Regarding claim 4, it is not clear what reset step applicant is referring to. Claim 1 has no discussion of a reset step and therefore, it is difficult to understand which attribution and reset steps applicant is referring to.

Art Unit: 2684

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 & 4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rangan et al (US 5,903,616).

Regarding claim 1, Rangan teaches a method of selecting a signal among N signals (see abstract), the selection taking place in that a validation signal associated with the signal to be selected is placed in an active state by means of a selection signal (col. 2, lines 38-47), which method includes an attribution step in which the state of the associated selection signal is attributed to each of the validation signals, which attribution step is carried out when all the validation signals are in an inactive state (see col. 2, lines 48- col. 3, line 4).

Regarding claim 4, as best understood with respect to the 112-2<sup>nd</sup> ¶ rejection above,

Rangan teaches the selection taking place in that a validation signal associated with the signal to

be selected is placed in an active state by means of a selection signal (col. 5, lines 9-32).

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

Art Unit: 2684

having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rangan et al (US 5,903,616) in view of Sengoku (US 5,875,321).

Regarding claim 5, Rangan teaches exchanging data with a machine, wherein a clock signal selected among N clock signals supplied by the machine (see col. 2, lines 48- col. 3, line 4). However, Rangan fails to disclose a chip card where the data is transmitted to the chip card. However, in the same field of endeavor, Sengoku teaches controlling clock signal periods for the purpose of transmitting data to a chip card (col. 1, lines 40-57). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Sengoku's chip card with Rangan's method of selecting a signal in order to provide less complicated circuitry.

### Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 2, 3 & 6-9 are allowed.

The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

Regarding claim 2, the prior art of record, specifically (Rangan et al US 5,903,616) teaches a method of selecting a signal among N signals, the selection taking place in that a validation signal associated with the signal to be selected is placed in an active state by means of a selection signal (see col. 2, lines 48- col. 3, line 4). However, neither Rangan or other cited prior art disclose a reset step in which those validation signals which have not presented an

Art Unit: 2684

active front since a given moment in time are reset to an inactive state, which reset step is carried out when at least two validation signals are simultaneously in an active state.

Regarding claim 3, the prior art of record, specifically (Rangan et al US 5,903,616) teaches a method of selecting a signal among N signals, the selection taking place in that a validation signal associated with the signal to be selected is placed in an active state by means of a selection signal (see col. 2, lines 48- col. 3, line 4). However, neither Rangan or other cited prior art disclose a reset step in which all validation signals which have not presented an active front since a given moment in time are reset to an inactive state, which reset step is carried out when one of the validation signals presents an active front.

Regarding claim 6, the prior art of record, specifically (Rangan et al US 5,903,616) teaches a switching device designed to deliver at an output a signal selected among N input signals when a validation signal associated with said input signal has been placed in an active state by means of an associated selection signal, which device includes: attribution means capable of attributing to each of the validation signals the state of its associated selection signal, which means are intended to be activated when all the validation signals are in an inactive state (see col. 2, lines 48- col. 3, line 4). However, neither Rangan or other cited prior art disclose a reset means capable of resetting to an inactive state those of the validation signals which have not presented an active front since a given moment in time, which means are intended to be activated when at least two validation signals simultaneously have an active state.

Art Unit: 2684

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

#### Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

US 6,265,930 Glitch free clock multiplexer circuit.

US 6,154,797 System and method for multiplexing serial links.

US 6,138,918 Portable data carrier and method for selecting operating mode thereof.

US 5,875,321 Method and apparatus for controlling clock signal period.

US 5,357,146 Glitch-free clock multiplexer.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Edan Orgad whose telephone number is 703-305-4223. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00AM to 5:30PM with every other Friday off..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edan Orgad can be reached on 703-305-4223. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Art Unit: 2684

Page 7

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Edan Orgad

June 2, 2004

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